

A strategic approach to IPv6

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What this talk is (not)

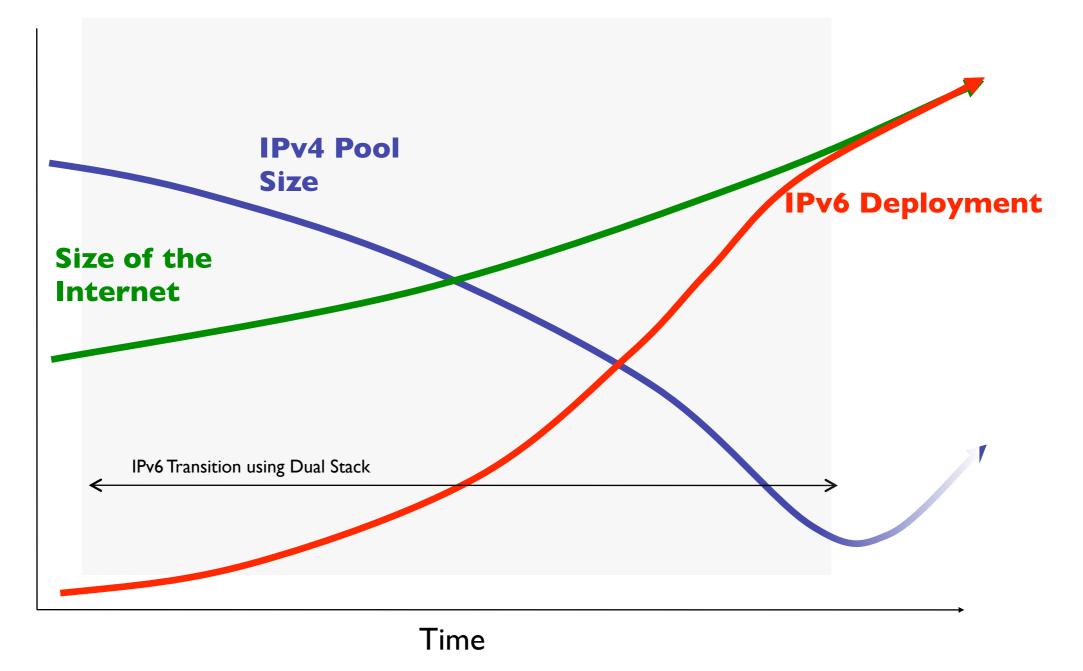
- This is not a talk about HEAnet's ipv6 deployment –We finished.
 - -We gave that talk in 2003. It was very good.

• This is about what comes after.



What's the problem?

This is how we pictured the transition 15 years ago:

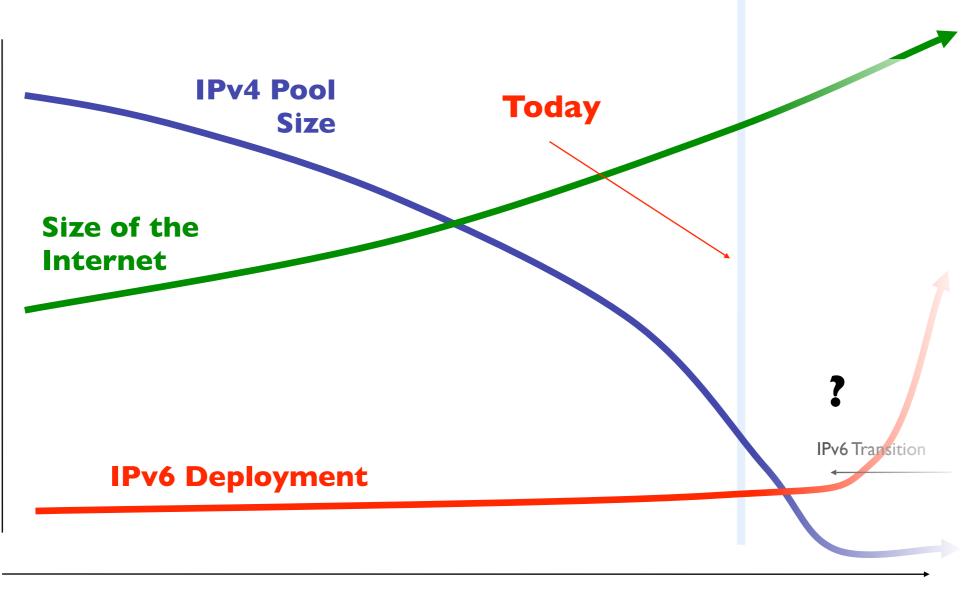


Geoff Huston, <u>www.potaroo.net</u>



Transition plan

This is where we are now:



Time

Geoff Huston, <u>www.potaroo.net</u>

HEAnet () IRELAND'S NATIONAL EDUCATION & RESEARCH NETWORK

So the problem we face is the gap between the end of the old way (IPv4) and the start of universal IPv6

The gap



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The gap

HFΔn



- We need to deal with IPv4 depletion
 IPv6 won't save us in time
- We need to prepare for IPv6-only world
- We need to shorten the gap as much as possible



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Three problems Three separate approaches







2. Truly IPv6-only service (with IPv4 interop)

3. Supporting our customers & partners



- We're an NREN
- I 50,000-odd third level customers
- 4,000 first and second level schools
- Ethernet-based network built on dark fibre

Why us?

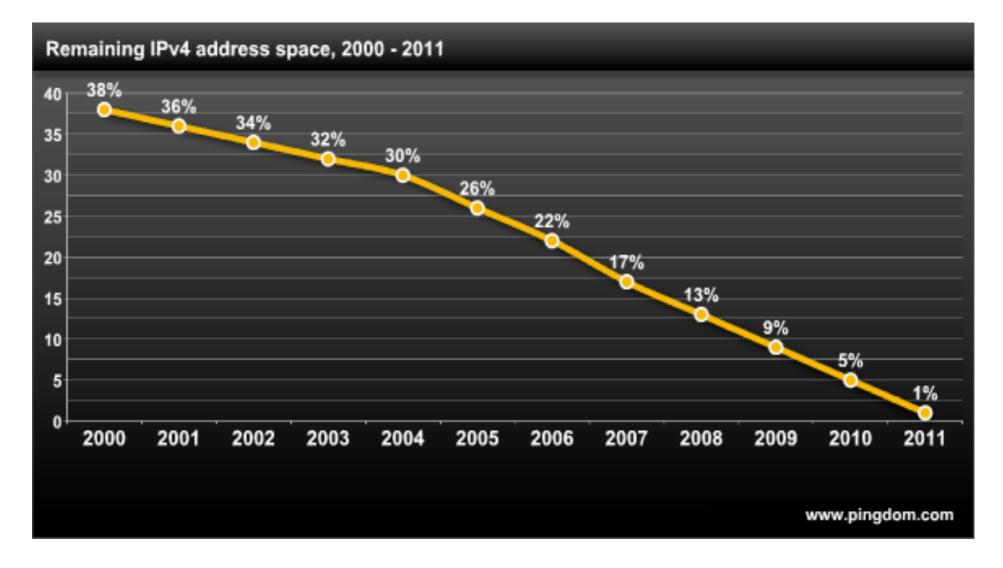
- Centrally routed core layer 3 network
- PRODUCTION INTERNET SERVICE (we don't get to escape this any more than you do)



What do we do about IPv4?



Ram it home with a graph



- Projections are converging on ~2011
- Immediacy of the problem depends on rate of usage
- This can escalate into a crisis



Fixing IPv4





Fixing IPv4

- Sure we can find individual solutions for...
 –SSL web servers
 - -Videoconferencing
 - -Providing VPNs
 - -Email for individual customers
 - (so one doesn't cause another to be blacklisted)
- Can we really do all this at the same time?
- Our objective is a smooth, stable transition



We've done this before



We've done this before





Coordinate

Plan for this strand is...

- List everything we do
- Work out its needs for coming five years

	A	В	C	D	E	F	G
1			Responsible team	Responsible person	Future address requirements known	Workarounds required	Workarounds implemented
2	IP Transit	•					
3		Service Resilience	NetOps/MNS	GL + ?			
4		Commodity IP transit	NetOps/MNS	OB + GL	88 x /30 (calc available on request)		
5		Colocation IP transit	NetOps/MNS	GM + ?			
6	Colocation	High performance storage		JH			
7		KVM access		JH			
8		PDU control		KD			
9	Website hosting			JB			
10		Website failover protection		JB			
11	Website hot standby			ОВ			
12	Software Mirroring			RG			
13	LIR IPv4 function			BB			
14	Traffic graphs (throughput, latency)		NetOps	COC			
15	Sixxs Tunnels			OMG			
16	LISTSERV			JB			
17	.ie DNS registration			RG			
18	DNS hosting			RG			
19	Usenet news			JB			
20	NTP		NetOps/MNS	BN + RG			
21	DNS Resolving			RG			
22	Antispam RBL		NetOps	BN			
23	Security scanning			AC			
24	Secure certificate service			AC			
25	IPv4 Multicast		NetOps	DL			

• Pick a workaround if we can't meet those needs

• Then make all the workarounds mutually achieveable



• Obviously these plans will be subject to change

-Business opportunities, pressures, changes

Strand I

- -Winds of time and fate
- -"Oh, I forgot about that"
- Gets us a first look at how we're doing compared to the availability of space
- Gets us thinking about what might have to go, or what might have to change



What do we do about IPv4?





What do we need to do with IPv6?



Getting ready for IPv6

...didn't we do this in 2003?



Getting ready for IPv6

...didn't we do this in 2003?

Remember the IPV6 hour at RIPE56 in Berlin? How did that go for you?



We have reached a technical milestone
 Our services are capable of running on IPv6

- This is not endgame. Endgame is a working service.
- We can define this service:
 - A working IPv6 internet service, end-to-end, with clients, routing and services, which interoperates with the IPv4 internet
- Then we can start to unpick it



• We have a lot of these pieces in place

Strand 2

• Some of us even managed to reach Google during IPv6 hour in Berlin



- So first step to finding the missing pieces make a lab
 - -Back to the old days an IPv6 lab back in the office
 - -New goal: working access with no IPv4
 - -Identify the bits you need, try them out
 - -Find what breaks and fix them







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• Unless we plan for this, we will never reach a network independent of IPv4.



Ok, so this one does have some more dependencies
 –not as many as you might think, though

Strand 2

 To get to the prototype, we need to find systems that will make this work end to end.
 Working OS, working NAT/PT, stuff like that

- To get to production, we need to refine those systems
 - -Role for "customer demand" here
 - -This is bugfixes, most of the bits already exist







Step 1: identify pieces a of working v6 only service



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Strand 2

• Step 2: string them together in the lab, check it out



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- Step 3: open a pilot service to third parties



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 this becomes the statement of goals for production service



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- Step 3: open a pilot service to third parties

- Step 4: identify and shout about the problems

 this becomes the statement of goals for production service
- Step 5: meet the targets and go production





What do we need to do with IPv6?





3

What do we need to do about the rest of the world?



• This is where all those dependencies we stripped out of earlier strands start to clutter

Strand 3

- But it also gets the benefit of the work being done in the other two strands
 - -It's already started. Hopefully some of you are already making spreadsheets with your IPv4 services.
 - -Start to think in terms of compromises on v4 service
 - -Start to show measurable progress on a plan toward a real IPv6 only service



We've been focusing heavily on straw men

Strand 3

- -"I'll deploy IPv6 when <u>www.google.com</u> has a AAAA record"
- -"Well, our tender doesn't strictly require IPv6, but it's strongly encouraged that you at least have a roadmap"
- -"We support IPv6 (please read small print)"
- -"We'll support IPv6 when market demand..."
- -"If only there was [material of dubious academic value] for free on IPv6, then it would take off"
- The thing that's missing here is any kind of strategy by which I mean, some plan to reach a goal

What's the business case?

How do I make money from this?

Why you do something
What are the options
What are the benefits and disbenefits
What are the timescales and costs
What are the risks



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 -anyone want a tunnel? BGP peering? 6to4 relay?
 WHOIS DB entries? AAAA glue records?



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What we've been doing wrong

We're pretty bad at cooperating strategically

 Juvenile example:
 "If we put X popular website on IPv6, you deliver Y home DSL users who can use it, and we'll both put pressure on our mutual firewall vendors to support the service"



• There are at least 14 problems with that example

Strand 3

- But maybe it's not so juvenile
- To make a BUSINESS CASE, we don't always need to show how to turn a profit immediately
- We do need to make a plan, with our partners, with some fairly meaningful milestones we can hit.



- The IPv6 task forces are probably a good place for this but not in their current makeup
- We the people in this room need to think in terms of high level targets that we can't achieve on our own
- We need to work out the costs and benefits of meeting those targets, and present them upward
- Then get them talking and agreeing to commit resources



• We're working out the compromises in advance if we have no more IPv4 addrs

The plan

- We're working out what lies between us and an IPv6 service our customers can use
- Given these, we're working out how to help our customers and suppliers justify the change



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Business case





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