IPv6 Routing Recommendations

Rob Evans ...and YOU!

Why are we doing this?

- Previous IPv6 allocation policy was very strict
 - Allocation must be announced as a single prefix
 - >X% usage before an LIR can get another prefix
- Problems
 - Traffic engineering
 - LIR made up of disconnected networks

What was the solution?

- Step 1
 - Remove the requirement to announce an allocation as a single prefix
 - The alternative was to allocate /32s for routing reasons
- Step 2
 - Suggest that in some circumstances, breaking an allocation into smaller chunks was acceptable
- Step 3
 - Allow those chunks to be routed

How are we doing this?

- 2009-06 removed the routing requirements from the allocation policy.
- Draft document to this group on routing recommendations
 - Follows on from RIPE-399
 - Admits that in some cases it is desirable to break up a PA block.
 - Recommends that the scope of more specific prefixes is limited where possible
 - Suggests an (arbitrary) filtering limit

Reasons for the limit.

- Nobody wants to see /32s broken up into 65,536 /48s.
- The limit of routability can ... no ... WILL be determined by the operator community.
 - Of which we're part.
 - We pay for the memory.
 - We want BGP to converge.

What should the limit be?

- Document currently says 'prudent subdivision' of a PA allocation.
 - Suggests quantifying that as four bits more than the minimum PA allocation size.
 - /36 with current practices

What should the limit be?

- RENATER have said this is not enough for their network
 - Should it be more?
 - If it should, will there really be many operators that will simply announce e.g. 256 x /40s?
 - If we don't want to split an aggregatable block further, is this back to Address Policy?
 - Where is the boundary between PA and PI?
 - Does this require a more liberal PI policy instead?

Other comments

- Ruediger has said the document uses the term 'deaggregation' too much.
 - I can reword that to mean breaking up a provider aggregatable allocation.

What do you think?

- How should IPv6 routing recommendations be documented?
 - We are but one forum in one region.
- What should those recommendations be?
 - If the current document is reasonable for most cases, how do we handle the exceptions?
 - As Shane Kerr pointed out, routability cannot be completely divorced from allocation policy.